

#### Marcos Pedrares Antelo 3ºESO

# **AMADEUS MOZART**

\* Was born in Austria on 27 of January an died at 35 years in 1791.Was a proflic and influential composer of the Classicism. Born in Salzburg he showed prodigius ability from his earliest childhood. He composed at age of

five a perfomed before european royalty.At 17, Mozart was engaged as a musician at the Slazburg court but grew retless and travelled in seacrch of a better position. During his final years in Viena, he composed many of his

hest-known\_symphonies operas and concerts



#### CHILHOOD AND FAMILY

Hailing from Ausburg, his father was a composer and a teacher and was appointed in a orchestra. His parents were the only teacher had during chlihood. In his youngers days, Mozart made many journeys to Europe where he and his sister performedas a child prodigies.in yhis time, Mozart realized a many of trips because he visit Germany, Italy, French, United Kingdom and other places with only 18 years old. He married in 1770 with Constanze Weber and they had got 6 sons( 4 boys and 2 girls)



### **MUSIC STUDIES**

He studied with his father during his childhood, since his father was very concerned about the formation of his son. At the age of six Mozart was already an advanced interpreter of keyboard instruments and an effective violinist, at the same time showing an extraordinary capacity for improvisation and reading scores. Still today they are interpreted five small pieces for piano that composed at that age. In 1762 Leopold began to take his son on tour through the courts of Europe.

## **MUSIC STUDIES II**

At the age of twenty-one Mozart sought in the European courts a better paid and more satisfactory position, but his wishes were not fulfilled. He marched to Mannheim, musical capital of Europe at the time, with the idea of getting a job in his orchestra, and there he fell in love with Aloysia Weber. Despite his short life and ill-fated career, Mozart is among the great geniuses of music. His immense production (more than 600 works), shows a person who, as a child, mastered the technique of composition while possessing an overflowing imagination. His instrumental works include symphonies, amusements, sonatas, chamber music for different

combinations of instrum



#### MOZART'S ANECDOTES

They went to St Peter's Basilica to hear a concert offered in the Sistine Chapel and in what is interpreted as a famous Miserere by Allegri, whose partition was jealously guarded and on which the prohibition against copying Play it outside the Vatican. After the concert, and already in his lodging, the young Mozart was able to transcribe it from memory note by note without mistake, with which the partition left of secret and Allegri reached the certain posterity that had otherwise been denied to him.

- Mozart hated the sound of the flute and only composed concerts for flute on request.
- It is known that Mozart suffered from Tourette's syndrome, a nervous disorder that causes restlessness and compulsive and obsessive behaviors manifested by the inability to behave properly in society.
- The economic hardships suffered in the last part of its life caused that it was buried in a common grave along with dozens of corpses and without no notation on the matter.

Mozart's works	
I He wrote 621 works	
Of his most important works are: Sonata para Piano, Pequeña Serenata Nocturna, Requiem, Sinfonia 4O and Opera Don Giovanni	
https://youtu.be/e6M_JXRV2I0 (Sonata para Piano)	
https://youtu.be/YofUPSyCrwo(Pequeña Serenata Nocturna)	

	IMENTAR	Y GUIDE	(PEQUI	EÑA SEF	RENETA	
NOC	TURNA)					
	madous Mars			lasturas		
-A -lt:	madeus Moza s instrumentat	ion is the usi	ial of a ch	amber ense	mble: two vio	lins, viola
	llo and option /ritten in five n	al double bas	S::::::::::::	· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••••••	
firs	st movement ,	Allegro				μηγ20, πτο.
ag	gresibly.	ient is an Alle	egro in the	form of son	ata, which as	cends
Th	ie second thei	ne is funnier.	tion and ic	reposted		
Ŵ	ien Histende	this song an	feel good	because Hi	keci the thythi	n and the