



XUNTA DE GALICIA

CONSELLERÍA DE CULTURA, EDUCACIÓN
E ORDENACIÓN UNIVERSITARIA



UNIÓN EUROPEA
Fondo Social Europeo

"O FSE inviste no teu futuro"



GOBIERNO
DE ESPAÑA

MINISTERIO
DE EDUCACIÓN, CULTURA
Y DEPORTE

Probas de acceso a ciclos formativos de grao superior

CSPEA03

Inglés

Inglés



1. Formato da proba

Formato

- A proba constará de 20 cuestións tipo test.
- As cuestións tipo test teñen tres posibles respostas das que soamente unha é correcta.

Puntuación

- Puntuación: 0.50 puntos por cuestión tipo test correctamente contestada.
- Cada cuestión tipo test incorrecta restará 0.125 puntos.
- As respostas en branco non descontarán puntuación.

Duración

- Este exercicio terá unha duración máxima de 60 minutos.



2. Exercicio

Texto.

DARE TO BE DIFFERENT

Teenage years are all about daring to be different. Or are they? Whether it is the music we listen to or the films we watch, most of us strive to conform in order to be part of a group. Belonging is crucial, and image is a key part of this conformity. For many teenagers it is a question of style, but for others it is a matter of changing their appearance permanently.

Becky Tyler is upset. Last summer Becky had plastic surgery on her nose. “I thought that if changed my appearance, my life would be better”, she says. But the operation has not solved Becky’s problems. Afterwards, her friends started criticizing her. “They said I was vain and big-headed”, she complains, “but I wouldn’t have had the operation if people hadn’t made fun of me”.

For people like Becky, appearance is everything, and it is not surprising. Advertisements on TV, in magazines and in newspapers all feature tall, thin, beautiful people. As well as advertising their products, they “sell” the message that if you are pretty, you will be successful and if you are successful, you will be happy. But there are many types of beauty, and sometimes it is better to be a unique individual and stand out from the crowd. Real confidence comes from accepting yourself the way you are, and not by trying to look like someone else.

At school, a group of students used to laugh at Rob Black. “I thought they were my friends, but they made jokes about my weight behind my back. They were mean and two-faced. I was really embarrassed and I went on loads of diets”. Now he is nineteen, Rob feels differently. “They judged me by my appearance. How narrow-minded is that? He says. “I am more mature and thick-skinned now, and I don’t care what people say. I love the way I look and so does my girl-friend. When I was sixteen, I just wanted to fit in. Today I have a new philosophy: believe in yourself and dare to be different!”

Strive: esforzarse

Conform: adaptarse, amoldarse



Marque a resposta correcta en cada caso

1. What is the text about?

- A** How important it is for teenagers to fit in.
- B** All teenagers change their looks permanently.
- C** Every teenager listens to the same music and watches the same films.

2. What do teenagers think it is very important to be accepted in a group?

- A** Their personality.
- B** The way they look.
- C** Their results at school.

3. How does Becky Tyler feel now?

- A** She is very happy with her new nose.
- B** She regrets having plastic surgery on her nose.
- C** Her life has improved a lot.

4. What did Becky's friends think about her operation?

- A** That she should care more about her looks.
- B** That she looked great.
- C** That she cared too much about her appearance.

5. In the writer's opinion, what makes teenagers believe "image" is so important?

- A** The media.
- B** Friends.
- C** Other students.

6. According to the text, what do advertisements tell us?

- A** They encourage us to be happy with our image.
- B** That if we look good, we will be happier.
- C** They just sell their products.

7. What does "stand out from the crowd" mean?

- A** It means to be different.
- B** It means to be very tall.
- C** It means to be like everyone else.



8. What is the main idea of the text?

- A If you change your appearance, you will feel more confident.
- B You will only feel confident if you like the way you are.
- C You will feel confident when you look like other people.

9. Why was Rob Black unhappy at school?

- A Because he found out his friends talked badly about him.
- B Because his friends told him to go on a diet.
- C He wasn't unhappy because he didn't care about people.

10. Why does Rob feel more confident now?

- A Because he has a girlfriend.
- B Because he belongs to a group.
- C Because he doesn't mind being different.

11. What is the opposite of upset?

- A Embarrassed.
- B Happy.
- C Mature.

12. Choose the sentence with a similar meaning: "The operation has not solved Becky's problems"

- A Becky's problems weren't solved by the operation.
- B Becky's problems haven't been solved by the operation.
- C Becky's problems haven't solved by the operation.

13. Choose the sentence with a similar meaning: "Becky's friends told her that she was vain and big-headed"

- A They told Becky: "She is vain and big-headed"
- B They told Becky: "You were vain and big-headed"
- C They told Becky: "You are vain and big-headed"

14. Choose the correct sentence:

- A If you were pretty, you would be successful.
- B If you were pretty, you will be successful.
- C If you have been pretty, you would have been successful.



15. Rob Black isnot to care about what people say.

- A Enough mature
- B Too mature
- C Mature enough

16. Whatabout him?

- A Rob's girlfriend loves
- B does Rob's girlfriend love
- C do Rob's girlfriend loves

17. Which of these sentences is correct?

- A I was on a diet since I was 16.
- B I have been on a diet since I was 16.
- C I went on a diet since I was 16.

18. The writer advises teenagers...

- A to be unique individuals.
- B that they are unique individuals.
- C being unique individuals.

19. Rob Black,new philosophy is to dare to be different, is a happy person now.

- A which
- B who
- C whose

20. Becky is.....vain girl that she doesn't have any friends.

- A such a
- B such
- C so



4. Solución para as preguntas tipo test

Nº	A	B	C	
1	X			
2		X		
3		X		
4			X	
5	X			
6		X		
7	X			
8		X		
9	X			
10			X	
11		X		
12		X		
13			X	
14	X			
15			X	
16		X		
17		X		
18	X			
19			X	
20	X			
Nº de respostas correctas (C)				
Nº de respostas incorrectas (Z)				
Puntuación do test = $C \times 0.5 - Z \times 0.125$				

Nas preguntas de test, por cada resposta incorrecta descontaranse 0.125 puntos. As respostas en branco non descontarán puntuación.